

Clinical Policy: Ruxolitinib (Jakafi, Opzelura)

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Line of Business: Commercial, HIM, Medicaid

[Revision Log](#)

See [Important Reminder](#) at the end of this policy for important regulatory and legal information.

Description

Ruxolitinib (Jakafi[®], Opzelura[™]) is a Janus kinase (JAK) inhibitor.

FDA Approved Indication(s)

Jakafi is indicated for the treatment of:

- Intermediate or high-risk myelofibrosis (MF) in adults, including:
 - Primary MF
 - Post-polycythemia vera MF (post-PV MF)
 - Post-essential thrombocythemia MF (post-ET MF)
- Polycythemia vera (PCV) in adults who have had an inadequate response to or are intolerant to hydroxyurea
- Steroid-refractory acute graft-versus-host disease (GVHD) in adults and pediatric patients 12 years and older
- Chronic graft-versus-host disease after failure of one or two lines of systemic therapy in adult and pediatric patients 12 years and older.

Opzelura is indicated for the:

- Topical short-term and non-continuous chronic treatment of mild to moderate atopic dermatitis in non-immunocompromised adult and pediatric patients 2 years of age and older, whose disease is not adequately controlled with topical prescription therapies or when those therapies are not advisable.
- Topical treatment of nonsegmental vitiligo (NVS) in adult and pediatric patients 12 years of age and older.

Limitation(s) of use: Use of Opzelura in combination with therapeutic biologics, other JAK inhibitors, or potent immunosuppressants such as azathioprine or cyclosporine is not recommended.

Policy/Criteria

Provider must submit documentation (including such as office chart notes, lab results or other clinical information) supporting that member has met all approval criteria.

It is the policy of health plans affiliated with Centene Corporation[®] that Jakafi and Opzelura are **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:

I. Initial Approval Criteria

A. Myelofibrosis (must meet all):

1. Diagnosis of MF (includes primary MF, post-PV MF, post-ET MF);
2. Request is for Jakafi;
3. Prescribed by or in consultation with a hematologist or oncologist;
4. Age ≥ 18 years;
5. Documentation of a recent (within the last 30 days) platelet count of $\geq 50 \times 10^9/L$;
6. For Jakafi requests, member must use ruxolitinib, if available, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
7. Request meets one of the following (a or b):*
 - a. Dose does not exceed both of the following (i and ii):
 - i. 50 mg per day;
 - ii. 2 tablets per day;
 - b. Dose is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (prescriber must submit supporting evidence).

**Prescribed regimen must be FDA-approved or recommended by NCCN*

Approval duration:

Medicaid/HIM – 6 months

Commercial – 12 months or duration of request, whichever is less

B. Polycythemia Vera (must meet all):

1. Diagnosis of PCV;
2. Request is for Jakafi;
3. Prescribed by or in consultation with a hematologist or oncologist;
4. Age ≥ 18 years;
5. For Jakafi requests, member must use ruxolitinib, if available, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
6. Failure of hydroxyurea, peginterferon, or interferon (*see Appendix B*), unless clinically significant adverse effects are experienced or all are contraindicated;
**Prior authorization may be required for hydroxyurea, peginterferon, and interferon*
7. Request meets one of the following (a or b):*
 - a. Dose does not exceed both of the following (i and ii):
 - i. 50 mg per day;
 - ii. 2 tablets per day;
 - b. Dose is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (prescriber must submit supporting evidence).

**Prescribed regimen must be FDA-approved or recommended by NCCN.*

Approval duration:

Medicaid/HIM – 6 months

Commercial – 12 months or duration of request, whichever is less

C. Graft-Versus-Host Disease (must meet all):

1. Diagnosis of steroid-refractory acute or chronic GVHD post hematopoietic cell transplantation;
2. Request is for Jakafi;

3. Prescribed by or in consultation with an oncologist, hematologist, or bone marrow transplant specialist;
4. Age $\geq$ 12 years;
5. For Jakafi requests, member must use ruxolitinib, if available, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
6. For acute GVHD, failure of a systemic corticosteroid (e.g., oral prednisone or intravenous methylprednisolone dose equivalent) as defined in *Appendix D*, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
7. For chronic GVHD, member meets one of the following (a or b):
 - a. Failure of a systemic corticosteroid (*see Appendix B*) at up to maximally indicated doses, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
 - b. Failure of a systemic immunosuppressant (*see Appendix B*) at up to maximally indicated doses, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
8. Jakafi is not prescribed concurrently with Imbruvica[®] or Rezurock[®];
9. Request meets one of the following (a or b):*
 - a. Dose does not exceed both of the following (i and ii):
 - i. 20 mg per day;
 - ii. 2 tablets per day;
 - b. Dose is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (prescriber must submit supporting evidence).

**Prescribed regimen must be FDA-approved or recommended by NCCN.*

Approval duration:

Medicaid/HIM – 6 months

Commercial – 12 months or duration of request, whichever is less

D. Chronic Myelomonocytic Leukemia and Myelodysplastic/Myeloproliferative Neoplasms (MDS/MPN) (off-label use) (must meet all):

1. Diagnosis of one of the following (a or b):
 - a. Chronic myelomonocytic leukemia;
 - b. MDS/MPN;
2. Request is for Jakafi;
3. Prescribed by or in consultation with a hematologist or oncologist;
4. Age $\geq$ 18 years;
5. For Jakafi requests, member must use ruxolitinib, if available, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
6. Dose is within FDA maximum limit for any FDA-approved indication or is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*).*

**Prescribed regimen must be FDA-approved or recommended by NCCN.*

Approval duration:

Medicaid/HIM – 6 months

Commercial – 12 months or duration of request, whichever is less

E. Pediatric B-Cell Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia (off-label use) (must meet all):

1. Diagnosis of pediatric “Ph-like” B-cell acute lymphoblastic leukemia;
2. Request is for Jakafi;
3. Prescribed by or in consultation with a hematologist or oncologist;
4. Age < 18 years;
5. For Jakafi requests, member must use ruxolitinib, if available, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
6. Prescribed in combination with an induction or consolidation regimen;
7. Positive for a JAK-STAT pathway mutation, JAK2 fusion, EPOR rearrangement, SH2B3 alteration, or IL7R insertion/deletion;
8. Dose is within FDA maximum limit for any FDA-approved indication or is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*). *

**Prescribed regimen must be FDA-approved or recommended by NCCN.*

Approval duration:

Medicaid/HIM – 6 months

Commercial – 12 months or duration of request, whichever is less

F. Myeloid/Lymphoid Neoplasm with Eosinophilia (off-label use) (must meet all):

1. Diagnosis of a lymphoid, myeloid, or mixed lineage neoplasm with eosinophilia;
2. Request is for Jakafi;
3. Prescribed by or in consultation with a hematologist or oncologist;
4. Age ≥ 18 years;
5. For Jakafi requests, member must use ruxolitinib, if available, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
6. Positive for a JAK2 mutation;
7. Dose is within FDA maximum limit for any FDA-approved indication or is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*). *

**Prescribed regimen must be FDA-approved or recommended by NCCN.*

Approval duration:

Medicaid/HIM – 6 months

Commercial – 12 months or duration of request, whichever is less

G. Essential Thrombocythemia (off-label) (must meet all):

1. Diagnosis of essential thrombocythemia;
2. Request is for Jakafi;
3. Prescribed by or in consultation with a hematologist or oncologist;
4. Age ≥ 18 years;
5. For Jakafi requests, member must use ruxolitinib, if available, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
6. Failure of hydroxyurea, peginterferon, interferon, or anagrelide (*see Appendix B*), unless clinically significant adverse effects are experienced or all are contraindicated;

**Prior authorization may be required for hydroxyurea, peginterferon, interferon, or anagrelide*

7. Dose is within FDA maximum limit for any FDA-approved indication or is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*). *

**Prescribed regimen must be FDA-approved or recommended by NCCN.*

Approval duration:

Medicaid/HIM – 6 months

Commercial – 12 months or duration of request, whichever is less

H. T-Cell Lymphomas (off-label) (must meet all):

1. Diagnosis of T-cell lymphoma;
2. Request is for Jakafi;
3. Prescribed by or in consultation with a hematologist or oncologist;
4. Age $\geq$ 18 years;
5. For Jakafi requests, member must use ruxolitinib, if available, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
6. Prescribed in one of the following ways (a or b):
 - a. For palliative therapy;
 - b. Received $\geq$ 1 prior line of systemic therapy (*see Appendix B*);
7. Dose is within FDA maximum limit for any FDA-approved indication or is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*). *

**Prescribed regimen must be FDA-approved or recommended by NCCN.*

Approval duration:

Medicaid/HIM – 6 months

Commercial – 12 months or duration of request, whichever is less

I. Atopic Dermatitis (must meet all):

1. Diagnosis of AD;
2. Member has $\leq$ 20% body surface area (BSA) involvement;
3. Request is for Opzelura;
4. Age $\geq$ 2 years;
5. Prescribed by or in consultation with a dermatologist or allergist;
6. Member does not have an immunocompromised status;
7. Member meets one of the following (a or b):
 - a. Failure of two formulary medium-to-very high potency topical corticosteroids, each used for $\geq$ 2 weeks, unless contraindicated or clinically adverse effects are experienced (*see Appendix B*);
 - b. For face or intertriginous areas use (e.g., genitals, armpits, forearms, and groin);
8. Failure of a topical calcineurin inhibitor* used for $\geq$ 4 weeks, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced (*see Appendix B*);
**Prior authorization may be required for topical calcineurin inhibitors*
9. Failure of Eucrisa[®]* used for $\geq$ 4 weeks, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
**Prior authorization may be required for Eucrisa*
10. Opzelura is not prescribed concurrently with biologic medications (e.g., Dupixent[®], Adbry[®]), biologic disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs (e.g., Humira[®], Enbrel[®],

Taltz[®], Stelara[®]), JAK inhibitors (e.g., Xeljanz[®], Rinvoq[®], Olumiant[®]), or potent immunosuppressants (e.g., azathioprine, cyclosporine);

11. Dose does not exceed one of the following (a or b):
 - a. Age 2 to < 12 years: One 60-gram tube per 2 weeks;
 - b. Age ≥ 12 years (i or ii):
 - i. One 60-gram tube per week;
 - ii. One 100-gram tube per 2 weeks.

Approval duration: 8 weeks

J. Nonsegmental Vitiligo (must meet all):

1. Diagnosis of NSV;
2. Documentation of member's total vitiligo involvement is ≤ 10% BSA;
3. Request is for Opzelura;
4. Prescribed by or in consultation with a dermatologist or allergist;
5. Age ≥ 12 years;
6. Member meets one of the following (a or b):
 - a. Two formulary medium-to-very high potency topical corticosteroids in the previous 6 months, unless contraindicated or clinically adverse effects are experienced (*see Appendix B*);
 - b. For face or intertriginous areas use (e.g., genitals, armpits, forearms, and groin);
7. Failure of a topical calcineurin inhibitor* used for ≥ 4 weeks, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced (*see Appendix B*);
**Prior authorization may be required for topical calcineurin inhibitors*
8. Opzelura is not prescribed concurrently with biologic medications (e.g., Dupixent, Adbry), biologic disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs (e.g., Humira, Enbrel, Taltz, Stelara), JAK inhibitors (e.g., Xeljanz, Rinvoq, Olumiant), or potent immunosuppressants (e.g., azathioprine, cyclosporine);
9. Dose does not exceed one of the following (a or b):
 - a. One 60-gram tube per week;
 - b. One 100-gram tube per 2 weeks.

Approval duration: 6 months

K. Immunotherapy-Related Toxicities (off-label) (must meet all):

1. One of the following (a or b):
 - a. CAR T-Cell therapy associated with grade 4 cytokine release syndrome (CRS) (*see Appendix E*);
 - b. Immune-checkpoint-inhibitor-associated concomitant myositis and myocarditis;
2. Request is for Jakafi;
3. Prescribed by or in consultation with a hematologist or oncologist;
4. Age ≥ 18 years;
5. For Jakafi requests, member must use ruxolitinib, if available, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
6. For CAR T-Cell associated CRS, failure of both high-dose systemic corticosteroids and anti-IL-6 therapy* (*see Appendix B*), unless clinically significant adverse effects are experienced or all are contraindicated;

**Prior authorization may be required for anti-IL-6 therapy*

7. For immune checkpoint inhibitor-related toxicities, prescribed in combination with abatacept;
8. Dose is within FDA maximum limit for any FDA-approved indication or is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*). *

**Prescribed regimen must be FDA-approved or recommended by NCCN.*

Approval duration:

CRS – 1 month

Myositis/myocarditis – 2 months

L. Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2):

1. If this drug has recently (within the last 6 months) undergone a label change (e.g., newly approved indication, age expansion, new dosing regimen) that is not yet reflected in this policy, refer to one of the following policies (a or b):
 - a. For drugs on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the no coverage criteria policy for the relevant line of business: CP.CPA.190 for commercial, HIM.PA.33 for health insurance marketplace, and CP.PMN.255 for Medicaid; or
 - b. For drugs NOT on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the non-formulary policy for the relevant line of business: CP.CPA.190 for commercial, HIM.PA.103 for health insurance marketplace, and CP.PMN.16 for Medicaid; or
2. If the requested use (e.g., diagnosis, age, dosing regimen) is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized) AND criterion 1 above does not apply, refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business: CP.CPA.09 for commercial, HIM.PA.154 for health insurance marketplace, and CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid.

II. Continued Therapy

A. Atopic Dermatitis or Nonsegmental Vitiligo (must meet all):

1. Member meets one of the following (a or b):
 - a. Currently receiving medication via Centene benefit or member has previously met initial approval criteria;
 - b. Member is currently receiving medication and is enrolled in a state and product with continuity of care regulations (*refer to state specific addendums for CC.PHARM.03A and CC.PHARM.03B*);
2. Member meets one of the following (a or b):
 - a. For AD: Member is responding positively to therapy as evidenced by, including but not limited to, reduction in itching and scratching;
 - b. For NSV: Member is responding positively to therapy as evidence by, including, but not limited to, reduction in lesions;
3. Request is for Opzelura;
4. Opzelura is not prescribed concurrently with biologic medications (e.g., Dupixent, Adbry), biologic disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs (e.g., Humira, Enbrel, Taltz,

Stelara), JAK inhibitors (e.g., Xeljanz, Rinvoq, Olumiant), or potent immunosuppressants (e.g., azathioprine, cyclosporine);

5. If request is for a dose increase, new dose does not exceed one of the following (a or b):
 - a. AD, age 2 years to < 12 years: One 60-gram tube per 2 weeks;
 - b. AD or NSV, age ≥ 12 years (i or ii):
 - i. One 60-gram tube per week;
 - ii. One 100-gram tube per 2 weeks.

Approval duration:

AD – 8 weeks

NSV – 6 months

B. Immunotherapy-Related Toxicities

1. Re-authorization is not permitted. Members must meet the initial approval criteria.

Approval duration: Not applicable

C. All Other Indications in Section I (must meet all):

1. Currently receiving medication via Centene benefit, or documentation supports that member is currently receiving Jakafi for a covered indication and has received this medication for at least 30 days;
2. Member is responding positively to therapy;
3. Request is for Jakafi;
4. For Jakafi requests, member must use ruxolitinib, if available, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
5. For GVHD, Jakafi is not prescribed concurrently with Imbruvica or Rezurock;
6. If request is for a dose increase, request meets one of the following (a, b, or c):*
 - a. For MF, PCV: New dose does not exceed 50 mg (2 tablets) per day;
 - b. For acute GVHD, cGVHD: New dose does not exceed 20 mg (2 tablets) per day;
 - c. New dose is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*).

**Prescribed regimen must be FDA-approved or recommended by NCCN.*

Approval duration:

Medicaid/HIM – 6 months (12 months for MF)

Commercial – 12 months or duration of request, whichever is less

D. Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2):

1. If this drug has recently (within the last 6 months) undergone a label change (e.g., newly approved indication, age expansion, new dosing regimen) that is not yet reflected in this policy, refer to one of the following policies (a or b):
 - a. For drugs on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the no coverage criteria policy for the relevant line of business: CP.CPA.190 for commercial, HIM.PA.33 for health insurance marketplace, and CP.PMN.255 for Medicaid; or
 - b. For drugs NOT on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the non-formulary policy for the relevant line of business:

CP.CPA.190 for commercial, HIM.PA.103 for health insurance marketplace, and CP.PMN.16 for Medicaid; or

2. If the requested use (e.g., diagnosis, age, dosing regimen) is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized) AND criterion 1 above does not apply, refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business: CP.CPA.09 for commercial, HIM.PA.154 for health insurance marketplace, and CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid.

III. Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized:

- A. Non-FDA approved indications, which are not addressed in this policy, unless there is sufficient documentation of efficacy and safety according to the off label use policies – CP.CPA.09 for commercial, HIM.PA.154 for health insurance marketplace, and CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid, or evidence of coverage documents.

IV. Appendices/General Information

Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key

BSA: body surface area	MF: myelofibrosis
CRS: cytokine release syndrome	NCCN: National Comprehensive Cancer Network
FDA: Food and Drug Administration	NSV: nonsegmental vitiligo
GVHD: graft-versus-host disease	PCV: polycythemia vera
cGVHD: chronic graft-versus-host disease	post-ET MF: post-essential thrombocythemia myelofibrosis
JAK: Janus kinase	post-PV MF: post-polycythemia vera myelofibrosis
MDS/MPN: myelodysplastic/myeloproliferative neoplasms	

Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives

This table provides a listing of preferred alternative therapy recommended in the approval criteria. The drugs listed here may not be a formulary agent for all relevant lines of business and may require prior authorization.

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/Maximum Dose
PCV, Essential Thrombocythemia, and cGVHD		
hydroxyurea (Droxia®, Hydrea®)	PCV, essential thrombocythemia: Varies	Varies
Intron A® (interferon alfa-2b)		
Pegasys®, Pegasys ProClick® (peginterferon alfa-2a)		
PegIntron®, Sylatron® (peginterferon alfa-2b)		
anagrelide (Agrylin®)	Essential thrombocythemia: Varies	Varies
Systemic corticosteroids (e.g., methylprednisolone, prednisone)	cGVHD: Varies	Varies
mycophenolate mofetil (Cellcept®)		

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
cyclosporine (Gengraf [®] , Neoral [®] , Sandimmune [®])		
tacrolimus (Prograf [®])		
sirolimus (Rapamune [®])		
imatinib (Gleevec [®])		
Imbruvica [®] (ibrutinib)		
Rezurock [®] (belumosudil)		
Atopic Dermatitis		
Very High Potency Topical Corticosteroids		
augmented betamethasone 0.05% (Diprolene [®] AF) cream, ointment, gel, lotion	Apply topically to the affected area(s) BID	Varies
clobetasol propionate 0.05% (Temovate [®]) cream, ointment, gel, solution		
diflorasone diacetate 0.05% (Maxiflor [®] , Psorcon E [®]) cream, ointment		
halobetasol propionate 0.05% (Ultravate [®]) cream, ointment		
High Potency Topical Corticosteroids		
augmented betamethasone 0.05% (Diprolene [®] AF) cream, ointment, gel, lotion	Apply topically to the affected area(s) BID	Varies
diflorasone 0.05% (Florone [®] , Florone E [®] , Maxiflor [®] , Psorcon E [®]) cream		
fluocinonide acetonide 0.05% (Lidex [®] , Lidex E [®]) cream, ointment, gel, solution		
triamcinolone acetonide 0.5% (Aristocort [®] , Kenalog [®]) cream, ointment		
Medium Potency Topical Corticosteroids		
desoximetasone 0.05% (Topicort [®]) cream, ointment, gel	Apply topically to the affected area(s) BID	Varies
fluocinolone acetonide 0.025% (Synalar [®]) cream, ointment		
mometasone 0.1% (Elocon [®]) cream, ointment, lotion		
triamcinolone acetonide 0.025%, 0.1% (Aristocort [®] , Kenalog [®]) cream, ointment		
Low Potency Topical Corticosteroids		
alclometasone 0.05% (Aclovate [®]) cream, ointment	Apply topically to the affected area(s) BID	Varies
desonide 0.05% (Desowen [®]) cream, ointment, lotion		

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
fluocinolone acetonide 0.01% (Synalar [®]) solution		
hydrocortisone 2.5% (Hytone [®]) cream, ointment		
Topical Calcineurin Inhibitors		
tacrolimus (Protopic [®]), pimecrolimus (Elidel [®])	Children ≥ 2 years and adults: Apply a thin layer topically to affected skin BID. Treatment should be discontinued if resolution of disease occurs.	Varies
Topical Phosphodiesterase-4 Inhibitor		
Eucrisa [®] (crisaborole)	Apply to the affected areas BID	Varies
CAR T-Cell Related Toxicities		
Actemra [®] (tocilizumab)	8 mg /kg IV over 1 hour (not to exceed 800 mg/dose). Repeat in 8 hours if no improvement; no more than 3 doses in 24 hours with a maximum of 4 doses total.	800 mg per dose (max 4 doses total)
dexamethasone (Decadron [®] , Dexasone [®])	10 mg IV every 6 hours	Varies
methylprednisolone (Solumedrol [®] , Medrol [®])	1000 mg IV every 12-24 hours	Varies
T-Cell Lymphomas		
Examples of chemotherapy regimens: • Adcentris [®] (brentuximab vedotin) + CHP (cyclophosphamide, doxorubicin, and prednisone) • CHOEP (cyclophosphamide, doxorubicin, vincristine, etoposide, and prednisone) • CHOP (cyclophosphamide, doxorubicin, vincristine, and prednisone) • DHA (dexamethasone and cytarabine) + platinum (carboplatin, cicsplatin, or oxaliplatin)	Varies	Varies

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
• EPOCH (etoposide, prednisone, vincristine, cyclophosphamide, and doxorubicin) • ESHA (etoposide, methylprednisolone, and cytarabine) + platinum (cisplatin or oxaliplatin) • GDP (gemcitabine, dexamethasone, and cisplatin) • GemOX (gemcitabine and oxaliplatin) • HyperCVAD (cyclophosphamide, vincristine, doxorubicin, and dexamethasone) alternating with high-dose methotrexate and cytarabine • ICE (ifosfamide, carboplatin, and etoposide) • Alemtuzumab • Azacitidine • Belinostat • Bendamustine • Bortezomib • Brentuximab vedotin • Cyclophosphamide and/or etoposide (IV or PO) • Gemcitabine • Duvelisib • Pralatrexate • Romidepsin • Lenalidomide		

Therapeutic alternatives are listed as Brand name[®] (generic) when the drug is available by brand name only and generic (Brand name[®]) when the drug is available by both brand and generic.

Appendix C: Contraindications/Boxed Warnings

- Contraindications: none reported
- Boxed warnings:
 - Jakafi: none reported
 - Opzelura: serious infections, mortality, malignancy, major adverse cardiovascular events (MACE), and thrombosis
 - Serious infections leading to hospitalization or death, including tuberculosis and bacterial, invasive fungal, viral, and other opportunistic infections, have occurred in patients receiving JAK inhibitors for inflammatory conditions.

- Higher rate of all-cause mortality, including sudden cardiovascular death have been observed in patients treated with JAK inhibitors for inflammatory conditions.
- Lymphoma and other malignancies have been observed in patients treated with JAK inhibitors for inflammatory conditions.
- Higher rate of major adverse cardiovascular events (including cardiovascular death, myocardial infarction, and stroke) has been observed in patients treated with JAK inhibitors for inflammatory conditions.
- Thrombosis, including deep venous thrombosis, pulmonary embolism, and arterial thrombosis, some fatal, have occurred in patients treated with JAK inhibitors for inflammatory conditions.

Appendix D: Steroid Refractoriness or Resistance: Acute and Chronic GVHD (NCCN)

- Acute GVHD
 - Progression of acute GVHD within 3-5 days of therapy onset with ≥ 2 mg/kg/day of prednisone* OR failure to improve within 5-7 days of treatment initiation OR incomplete response after more than 28 days of immunosuppressive treatment including steroids.
- Chronic GVHD
 - Chronic GVHD progression* while on prednisone* at ≥ 1 mg/kg/day for 1-2 weeks OR stable GVHD disease while on ≥ 0.5 mg/kg/day (or 1 mg/kg every other day) of prednisone* for 1-2 months.

**Oral prednisone or IV methylprednisolone dose equivalent.*

Hematopoietic Cell Transplantation (HCT): Graft-Versus-Host-Disease Version 2.2024. National Comprehensive Cancer Network Guidelines. Available at www.nccn.org. Accessed November 19, 2024.

Appendix E: CRS Grade (NCCN)

- Grade 1: fever $\geq 38^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Grade 2: fever with hypotension not requiring vasopressors and/or hypoxia requiring low-flow nasal cannula* or blow-by
- Grade 3: fever with hypotension requiring vasopressors with or without vasopressin and/or hypoxia requiring high-flow cannula*, face mask, nonrebreather mask, or Venturi mask
- Grade 4: fever with hypotension requiring multiple vasopressors (excluding vasopressin) and/or hypoxia requiring positive pressure (e.g., CPAP, BiPAP, intubation, mechanical ventilation)

**Low-flow cannula is defined as oxygen delivered at ≤ 6 L/min. Low flow also includes blow-by oxygen delivery, sometimes used in pediatrics. High-flow nasal cannula is defined as oxygen delivered at >6 L/min
Management of Immunotherapy-Related Toxicities Version 1.2022. National Comprehensive Cancer Network Guidelines. Available at www.nccn.org. Accessed November 16, 2022*

V. Dosage and Administration

Drug Name	Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose
Ruxolitinib (Jakafi)	MF	Starting dose is based on patient's baseline platelet count: • Greater than $200 \times 10^9/L$: 20 mg PO BID • $100 \times 10^9/L$ to $200 \times 10^9/L$: 15 mg PO BID • $50 \times 10^9/L$ to less than $100 \times 10^9/L$: 5 mg PO BID Range: 5 mg to 25 mg PO BID	50 mg/day
	PCV	Starting dose: 10mg PO BID Range: 5 mg to 25 mg PO BID	50 mg/day
	Acute GVHD	Starting dose: 5mg PO BID Range: 5 mg to 10 mg PO BID	20 mg/day
	cGVHD	Starting dose: 10mg PO BID Range: 5 mg to 10 mg PO BID	20 mg/day
Ruxolitinib (Opzelura)	AD	Apply a thin layer twice daily to affected areas of up to 20% body surface area	Age ≥ 12 years: 60 grams/week or 100 grams/2 weeks AD only: Age 2 years to < 12 years: 60 grams/2 weeks
	NSV	Apply a thin layer twice daily to affected areas of up to 10% body surface area	

VI. Product Availability

Drug Name	Availability
Ruxolitinib (Jakafi)	Tablets: 5 mg, 10 mg, 15 mg, 20 mg, 25 mg
Ruxolitinib (Opzelura)	Cream (tube of 60 grams, 100 grams): 1.5%

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Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	P&T Approval Date
1Q 2021 annual review: oral oncology generic redirection language added; for pediatric ALL, consolidation therapy and additional mutations added per NCCN; new myeloid/lymphoid and essential thrombocytopenia indications added per NCCN; references to HIM.PHAR.21 revised to HIM.PA.154; references reviewed and updated.	11.06.20	02.21
Added language for Imbruvica, Rezurock and Jafaki not to be used concurrently since all are used for cGVHD; added legacy WCG auth durations (WCG.CP.PHAR.98 to retire); RT4: updated FDA-approved indication section for cGVHD (previously allowed via off-label use); added newly approved drug, Opzelura, to criteria.	08.24.21	11.21
1Q 2022 annual review: no significant changes; references reviewed and updated.	11.18.21	02.22
Revised maximum dose of Opzelura from 60 g per month to 60 g per week per PI.	03.16.22	
Revised approval duration for Commercial line of business from length of benefit to 12 months or duration of request, whichever is less	04.26.22	05.22
RT4: criteria added for new Opzelura indication of NSV; consolidated Legacy WellCare initial approval durations from 12 months to 6	08.09.22	11.22

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	P&T Approval Date
months consistent with standard Medicaid approval durations; for myelofibrosis, added criterion for recent documentation of a platelet count of $\geq 50 \times 10^9/L$ per PI and to align with other myelofibrosis policies.		
1Q 2023 annual review: for cGVHD, added option for failure of systemic immunosuppressants; per PI for Opzelura added additional max dose of one 100-gram tube per 2 weeks; per NCCN compendium, removal of chronic myeloid leukemia and addition MDS/MPN and management of CAR T-cell-related toxicities; references reviewed and updated. Template changes applied to other diagnoses/indications and continued therapy section.	11.16.22	02.23
1Q 2024 annual review: for AD, added criterion member has $\leq 20\%$ BSA involvement per guidelines; for NSV, clarified affected BSA is " $\leq$ "; for both AD and NSV, added bypass of medium-to-very high potency topical corticosteroids if use is for face or intertriginous areas; references reviewed and updated.	10.16.23	02.24
For AD and NSV, updated concurrent use criteria by adding "Opzelura is not prescribed concurrently with biologic medications (e.g., Dupixent, Adbry)" in initial and continued therapy sections per FDA labeling.	04.15.24	
For GVHD, revised tablet quantity limit to 2 due to twice daily regimen.	09.04.24	
1Q 2025 annual review: added off-label indications - immune-checkpoint-inhibitor-associated concomitant myositis/myocarditis and t-cell lymphoma per NCCN; references reviewed and updated.	11.01.24	02.25
RT4: for AD, updated criteria with pediatric extension to include ages 2 years and older per PI.	09.29.25	

Important Reminder

This clinical policy has been developed by appropriately experienced and licensed health care professionals based on a review and consideration of currently available generally accepted standards of medical practice; peer-reviewed medical literature; government agency/program approval status; evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations; views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas affected by this clinical policy; and other available clinical information. The Health Plan makes no representations and accepts no liability with respect to the content of any external information used or relied upon in developing this clinical policy. This clinical policy is consistent with standards of medical practice current at the time that this clinical policy was approved. "Health Plan" means a health plan that has adopted this clinical policy and that is operated or administered, in whole or in part, by Centene Management Company, LLC, or any of such health plan's affiliates, as applicable.

The purpose of this clinical policy is to provide a guide to medical necessity, which is a component of the guidelines used to assist in making coverage decisions and administering benefits. It does not constitute a contract or guarantee regarding payment or results. Coverage decisions and the administration of benefits are subject to all terms, conditions, exclusions, and limitations of the coverage documents (e.g., evidence of coverage, certificate of coverage, policy, contract of insurance, etc.), as well as to state and federal requirements and applicable Health Plan-level administrative policies and procedures.

This clinical policy is effective as of the date determined by the Health Plan. The date of posting may not be the effective date of this clinical policy. This clinical policy may be subject to applicable legal and regulatory requirements relating to provider notification. If there is a discrepancy between the effective date of this clinical policy and any applicable legal or regulatory requirement, the requirements of law and regulation shall govern. The Health Plan retains the right to change, amend or withdraw this clinical policy, and additional clinical policies may be developed and adopted as needed, at any time.

This clinical policy does not constitute medical advice, medical treatment, or medical care. It is not intended to dictate to providers how to practice medicine. Providers are expected to exercise professional medical judgment in providing the most appropriate care, and are solely responsible for the medical advice and treatment of members. This clinical policy is not intended to recommend treatment for members. Members should consult with their treating physician in connection with diagnosis and treatment decisions.

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Note: For Medicaid members, when state Medicaid coverage provisions conflict with the coverage provisions in this clinical policy, state Medicaid coverage provisions take precedence. Please refer to the state Medicaid manual for any coverage provisions pertaining to this clinical policy.

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